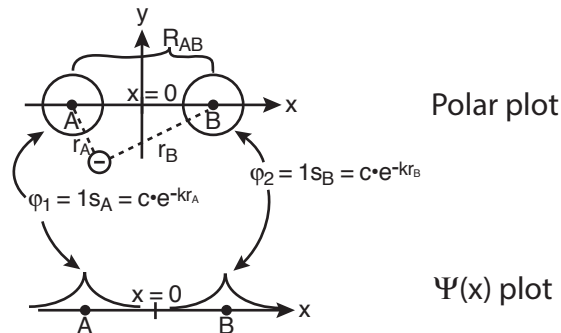


Diagonalizing a matrix to find the energy levels of H_2^+

-One nucleus is at $x=-R_{AB}$, the other at $x=+R_{AB}$

-Two basis functions: $\varphi_1(x,y,z) = 1s_A$ and $\varphi_2(x,y,z) = 1s_B$ (**approximation**, leaving out 2s, 2p etc.)

-Note φ_1 and φ_2 are not quite orthogonal (**approximation**): $\iiint dx dy dz \varphi_1^* \varphi_2 \neq 0$
[could use Gram-Schmid]



Hamiltonian for H_2^+ :

$$\hat{H} = \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m_e} - \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r_A} - \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r_B} + \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R_{AB}}$$

$$= \frac{-\hbar^2}{2m_e} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right\} - \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 \sqrt{(x + R_{AB}/2)^2 + y^2 + z^2}} - \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 \sqrt{(x - R_{AB}/2)^2 + y^2 + z^2}} + \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R_{AB}}$$

Matrix:

$$\tilde{H} = \begin{pmatrix} H_{11} & H_{12} \\ H_{12}^* & H_{22} \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{where } H_{12} = \iiint dx dy dz \varphi_1^*(x,y,z) \hat{H} \varphi_2(x,y,z) \quad \text{etc.}$$

Diagonalizing the Hamiltonian matrix

